

FT1 DP

Fractional T1 Dataport For Nortel DE-4E Shelf Installation and Maintenance

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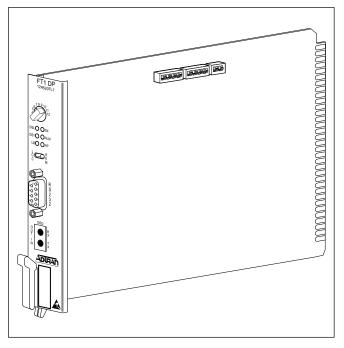


Figure 1. ADTRAN FT1 DP for Nortel DE-4E Shelf

1. GENERAL

This practice serves as an Installation and Maintenance guide for the ADTRAN Fractional T1 Dataport (FT1 DP). The ADTRAN FT1 DP (P/N 1245207L2) is the Central Office (CO) unit used to deploy a repeater-less FT1 circuit using 2-wire metallic facilities. The unit occupies one slot in a standard Nortel DE-4E (or equivalent) shelf. **Figure 1** is an illustration of the ADTRAN FT1 DP.

Revision History

This is the third release of this document. Clarifications were made to the SW1 Option Settings.

Description

Signals are provided to and from the channel bank or RT, while 2B1Q HDSL signals are provided to the local loop.

The FT1 Digital Subscriber Loop (DSL) local loop operates as an independent subsystem, over a single twisted pair. The FT1 DP communicates over this twisted pair to the Fractional Network Interface Device (FNID) and/or FT1 repeater listed below:

Part Number	Unit Description
1242041LX	T400 FNID Circuit Pack
1245201LX	T200 FNID Circuit Pack
1242042LX	T400 FNID Standalone
1242050L2	FT1 Repeater
1245211LX	FT1 Repeater

The payload between FT1 DP and FNID is programmable from the faceplate rotary switch as follows:

2 channels (minimum)128	kbps
3 channels	kbps
4 channels256	kbps
5 channels320	kbps
6 channels	kbps
7 channels448	kbps
8 channels512	kbps
9 channels576	kbps
10 channels640	kbps
11 channels704	kbps
12 channels (maximum)768	kbps

The system carries a small amount of overhead used for maintenance and performance monitoring related functions.

NOTE

Changing the number of DS0s does not affect unit provisioning.

2. INSTALLATION



After unpacking the unit, inspect it for damage. If damage is noted, file a claim with the carrier, then contact ADTRAN. See *Warranty and Customer Service*.

The FT1 DP plugs directly into a Nortel DE-4E shelf. The unit occupies a single slot. No installation wiring is required.

Time Slot Allocation

The bandwidth may be taken by the FT1 DP in contiguous or alternating time slots. These slots must not have other channel cards plugged in the slots taken by the FT1 DP bandwidth. This will cause contention on the transmit side of the channel bank.

The FT1 will not wrap around the channels at the end of the channel bank. For example, if *n* is equal to 4 channels and the FT1 DP is plugged into slot 23 of the channel bank, then only channels 23 and 24 can be used, not channels 1 and 2.

Protected Loopback

Protected Loopback prevents false latching loopback occurrences when the latching loopback is embedded within the customer payload. This feature is enabled by setting SW1-8 to ON. See **Table 1** for the latching loopback sequence requirement when Protected Loopback is enabled.

Table 1. Protected Loopback Mode Requirement T1E1.2/99-007R1 (Latching Loopback)

Function Sequence Bytes	Byte Code	# of Received
Clear existing loopbacks	Transition in progress (TIP) X0111010	Minimum of 35 TIP bytes
Identify device to be looped	Loopback select code (LSC) X1010101 - OCU X0110001 - CSU X1000001 - NI	Minimum of 35 LSC bytes
Prepare loop, send MAP code after 30 bytes	Loopback enabled (LBE) X1010110	Minimum of 100 LBE bytes
Activate loopback	Far-end voice (FEV) X1011010	Minimum of 35 FEV bytes

Note: Minimum of 35 TIP bytes required to disable established latching loopback. X = don't care bit.

Three switch packs (SW1, SW2, SW3) are used to configure the mode of operation for the unit. A definition of each switch is shown in **Table 2** and **Table 3**. Configuration may be performed by manually selecting each option switch, or alternatively, set through the craft interface. Manual configuration must be performed before installing the unit into the channel bank.

Table 2. SW1 Option Settings (Default settings are indicated in **bold** typeface.)

Switch	Function	Description
SW1-1	. Code Select	. SW1-1 On selects B8ZS line code. SW1-1 Off selects AMI.
		Off AMI On B8ZS
SW1-2	. Framing	. SW1-2 Off selects SF. SW1-2 On selects ESF.
		Off SF On ESF
SW1-3	. Channel Select	Selects between Alternating and Contiguous DS0 channels.
		Off Alternate On Contiguous
SW1-4	. Latching Loopback	Used to enable or disable latching loopbacks.
		Off Disabled On Enabled
SW1-5	. Loopback Timeout	Used to enable or disable automatic loopback timeout.
		Off Automatic loopback timeout is disabled On Loopback timeout is enabled and set for 20 minutes.
SW1-6	. Dumb/Smart Channel Bank Enable	. Used to select dumb or smart channel bank operation
		Off Unit is provisioned for an NT1 bank with a Smart Transmit/Receive Unit (STRU) installed. Two-state signaling available (smart mode)
		On Unit is provisioned for an NT1 bank with a Transmit/Receive Unit (TRU) installed. Four-state signaling available (dumb mode)
SW1-8	. Protected Loopback	Used to enable or disable protective loopback.
		Off Disabled. On Enabled.

Table 3. SW2 and SW3 Option Settings (Default settings are indicated in **bold** typeface)

Switch	Function	Description
SW3-4	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 1 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 1. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW3-3	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 2 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 2. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW3-2	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 3 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 3. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW3-1	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 4 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 4. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-8	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 5 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 5. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-7	A/B Signaling for Chanr	nel 6 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 6. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-6	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 7 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 7. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-5	A/B Signaling for Chann	nel 8 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 8. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-4	A/B Signaling for Chanr	nel 9 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 9. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-3	A/B Signaling for Chanr	nel 10 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 10. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-2	A/B Signaling for Chanr	nel 11 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 11. **Off A/B Signaling Disabled** **On A/B Signaling Enabled**
SW2-1	A/B Signaling for Chanr	nel 12 Enables or Disables A/B Robbed Bit Signaling for Channel 12 Off A/B Signaling Disabled On A/B Signaling Enabled

FT1 DP Option Selections

Configuration strap P1, illustrated in **Figure 2**, selects FT1 DP settings.

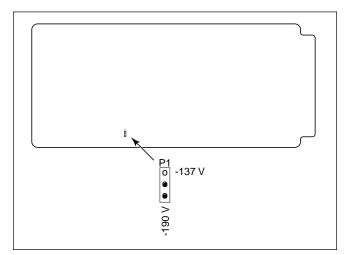


Figure 2. P1 Switch Location

By selecting -190 V, the FT1 DP can power up to two FT1 repeaters and a locally-powered FNID. The settings on the FT1 DP are encoded and transmitted to the FNID once the circuit has achieved synchronization.

Faceplate Indicators

The FT1 DP has six faceplate LEDs which indicate operational status. **Table 4** defines these LEDs.

Table 4. Front Panel Indicators and Switches

Indicators	Description
DSL	Indicates four possible states of the quality of the DSL signal. (The signal quality has a provisionable threshold of 2, 4, 6, or 8 dB above a 10 ⁻⁷ BER.)
	Off
	Yellow Poor signal quality (below 2 dB above 10 ⁻⁷ BER)
	Green Good signal quality (above 2 dB above 10 ⁻⁷ BER)
	Blinking An error has been detected on the loop
DS1	Indicates four possible conditions:
	Green The customer-side DS1 signal is present and synchronized
	Yellow Yellow alarm at customer side DS1
	Off
	Blinking An error has been detected at FNID input
LB	Indicates three possible loopback states:
	Off No active loopbacks
	Blinking FNID or repeater is in loopback
	On (solid) Local (FT1 DP) loopback is active
SX	Sealing current is present
ALM	Indicate alarm condition
	On
	Off No alarm condition detected
AP	This LED will be On when Hardware Provisioning does not match software provisioning.
D 4 C 4 1	Selects number of DS0 channels. (See subsection 1 of this practice for a description of time slot allocation.)

3. CONNECTIONS

The FT1 DP occupies one card slot in a Nortel DE-4E shelf. Power signaling is provided to the card through the backplane of the channel bank. See **Figure 3** for FT1 DP edge connector wiring.

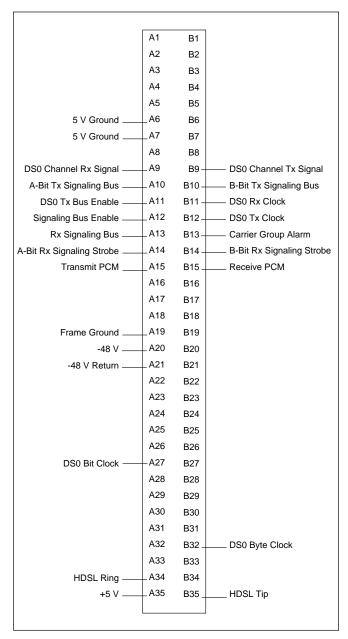


Figure 3. FT1 DP Edge Connector Wiring

4. DSL SYSTEM TESTING

The ADTRAN DSL system provides extensive ability to monitor the status and performance of the DS1 signals and DSL loop signals. These features are valuable in troubleshooting and isolating any system

level problems that may occur at installation or during operation of the FT1 HDSL system. The following subsections describe additional testing features conducted with the front panel Bantam jacks as well as other faceplate features.

Bantam Jack Description

The front panel of the FT1 DP contains DS0 splitting Bantam jacks. The metallic splitting jacks provide an intrusive, signal interrupting access to the first DS0 channel. It is very important to know the direction of the access provided by a metallic splitting jack. Detailed descriptions of the FT1 DP Bantam jacks are given in the following subsection. **Figure 4** shows the Bantam jack arrangement and details for specific jacks.

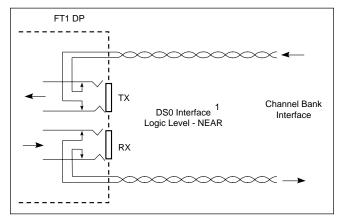


Figure 4. Bantam Jack Arrangement

FT1 DP Bantam Jacks

The FT1 DP provides a set of dual Bantam jacks on the front panel. These Bantam jacks allow connection of a Tele-Path Instruments 108/109 RT II (or equivalent) test set through one DS0 channel at 64 kbps for functions such as sending and receiving bit error rate signals.

NOTE

The DS0 access jacks are logic level interface.

FT1 DP Loopbacks

There are two loopbacks available to the FT1 DP. FT1 DP network loopback loops the FT1 signal back to the network. The FT1 DP CPE loopback loops the FT1 signal back to the customer. The FT1 system loopback capabilities are described in detail in Appendix A of this practice.

¹Logic level NEAR loopback on the DS0 interface is toward the outside cable pair. The FT1 DP will support logic level FAR loopback only in the presence of a BERT or loopback on the network end of the channel bank.

5. CONTROL PORT OPERATION

The FT1 DP provides a faceplate-mounted DB-9 connector that supplies an RS-232 interface for connection to a controlling terminal. The pinout of the DB-9 is illustrated in **Figure 5.**

The terminal interface operates at data rates from 2.4 kbps to 19.2 kbps. The asynchronous data format

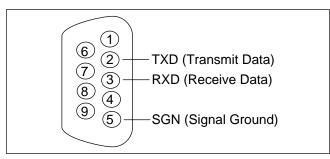


Figure 5. RS-232 (DB-9) Pin Assignments

is fixed at 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit. The supported terminal type is VT-100 or compatible.

NOTE

If you are using a personal computer (PC) with terminal emulation capability, be sure to disable any power saving programs. Otherwise, communication between the PC and the HDSL unit may be disrupted, resulting in misplaced characters or screen timeouts.

Operation

Abbreviations used in the screen diagrams are detailed in **Table 5**.

A terminal session is initiated by entering multiple

Table 5. Definition of Screen Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Definition
ES	Errored seconds
	DS1 (SF) Second in which a BPV or frame bit error occurs
	DS1 (ESF) Second in which a BPV or CRC error occurs
	DSL Second in which a CRC error occurs
SES	Severely errored seconds
	DS1 (SF) Second in which 1554 BPVs or 8 frame bit errors occur
	DS1 (ESF) Second in which 1544 BPVs or 320 CRC errors occur
	DSL Second in which 165 CRC errors occur
UAS	Unavailable seconds
	DS1 Second in which there is a loss of signal or sync
	DSL Second in which there is a loss of signal or sync
GE.	
SF	Superframe format
ESF	Extended superframe format
B8ZS	Bipolar with 8-zero substitution
AMI	Alternate mark inversion
LBO	Line build-out
BPV	Bipolar violation
	DS1 Second in which a bipolar violation occurs
NIII I	T1 network interface unit
INIU	11 network interface unit
S/N	Serial number
15M	Fifteen-minute period
24H	Twenty-four-hour period
	y

space bar characters, which are used by the FT1 DP to determine the speed of the terminal. Once the speed has been determined, an Introductory Menu will appear, as illustrated in **Figure 6**.

From the Introductory Menu, the Main Menu may be selected. The Main Menu provides access to detailed performance and configuration information, as illustrated in **Figure 7**.

The following screens can be accessed from the Main

Menu:

- 1. Current System Status
- 2. Performance History
- 3. ADTRAN Information
- 4. Loopback Options
- 5. Self-Test
- 6. Provisioning
- 7. Troubleshooting

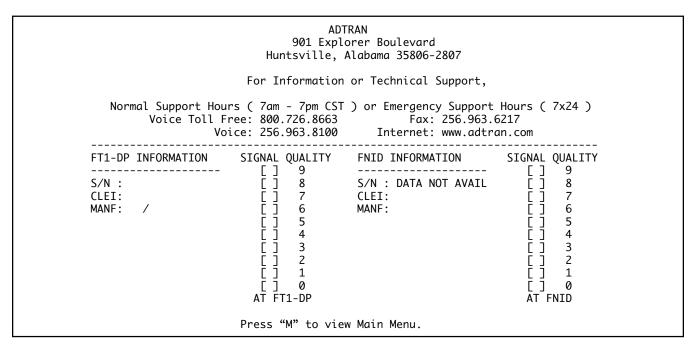


Figure 6. Introductory Menu Screen

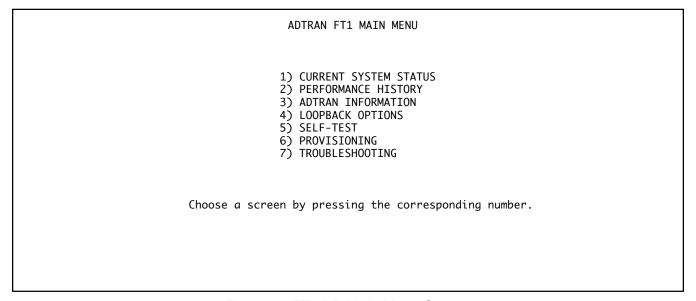


Figure 7. FT1 DP Main Menu Screen

The Current System Status Screen, illustrated in **Figure 8**, provides quick access to FT1 DP status information.

The Elapsed Time display indicates the period of time since the unit began collecting performance information. At each 15-minute interval, the performance information is transferred to the 15-minute performance data registers accessed from the Performance History screen. At each 24-hour interval, the performance data is transferred into the 24-hour performance data register also accessed using this screen.

Figure 8 consolidates current information for the DSL and DS1 interfaces. A key to the information provided is found in the center of the screen. Arrows indicate the key applies to the FT1 DP. The following defines terms used on this screen:

LOSS	. Pulse Attenuation
	Measurement
SYNC	. DSL Loop 1 Sync Status
ES 15M/24H	. Errored Seconds
SES 15M/24H	. Severely Errored Seconds
UAS 15M/24H	. Unavailable Seconds

NOTE

The first number is for the current 15-minute period. The second number is for the current 24-hour period.

A measure of signal quality for each DSL loop is graphically depicted on the bottom right and left of the screen. The measure is from 0 to 9 (poor to excellent signal quality). Guidelines for interpreting the indicators are:

- 0 Poor signal quality. Noise margin is \leq 0 dB (\approx 10⁻⁷ BER).
- 1-8..... Margin measurement above 10⁻⁷ BER in dB.
- 9 Excellent signal quality. Margin is \geq 9 dB above 10^{-7} BER.

Predicting performance based upon signal quality varies with each loop. Generally, a noise margin of 0 dB or higher will support a bit error rate (BER) of better than 10⁻⁷.

Type "Z" at the Current System Status screen in order to reset performance registers to zero at both the Current System Status and Performance History screens.

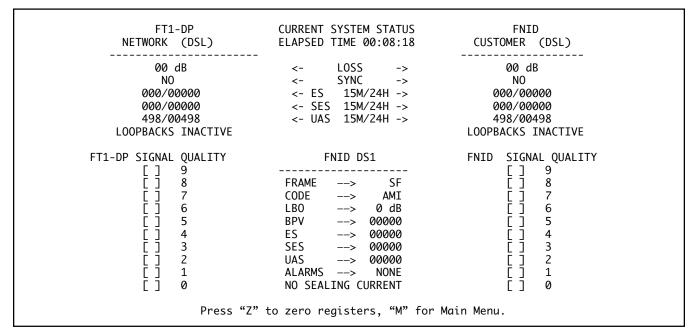


Figure 8. Current System Status Screen

The Performance History Screen displays 15-minute and 24-hour registers for several points in the circuit. **Figure 9** depicts the Performance History Screen.

Figure 10 depicts the FT1 DP Loopback Options Screen. Loopback may be initiated or terminated using this screen. A status of current loopback conditions also appear.

```
PERFORMANCE HISTORY <VIEW 2 - FNID DS1 RECEIVER>
    24 HOUR REGISTERS
                                           15 MINUTE REGISTERS
    ---ES---SES--
                                        --ES-SES-----ES-SES-
    00000 00000
                     <---CURRENT--->
                                        000 000
 -1: -----
                                       --- ---
                                                  -17: ---
 -2: -----
                                                  -18: ---
                      - 1
                                    -2: ---
 -3: -----
                       -3:
                                                   -19: ---
 -4: -----
                                        --- ---
                                                   -20: ---
                      - 1
                                    -4:
 -5: -----
                      IPREVIOUS I
                                    -5: ---
                                                   -21: ---
                                    -6: ---
                                                   -22: ---
                                                   -23: ---
                                    -7:
                                        --- ---
                                    -8:
                                                   -24: ---
     VIEW LOCATION DIAGRAM
                                    -9:
                                                   -25: ---
                                                   -26: ---
                                   -10:
-->|F|
                                                   -27: ---
                                   -11: ---
  ITI
                      INI
                                   -12: ---
                                                   -28: ---
  |1|<-3----4->|I|
                                                   -29: ---
                                   -13:
                                                   -30: ---
  |D|
                      IDI
                                   -14:
                                                   -31: ---
<--|P|
                      | |<-2
                                   -15:
                                                   -32: ---
                                   -16:
       Press view number to select view, "M" to return to Main Menu
```

Figure 9. Performance History Screen

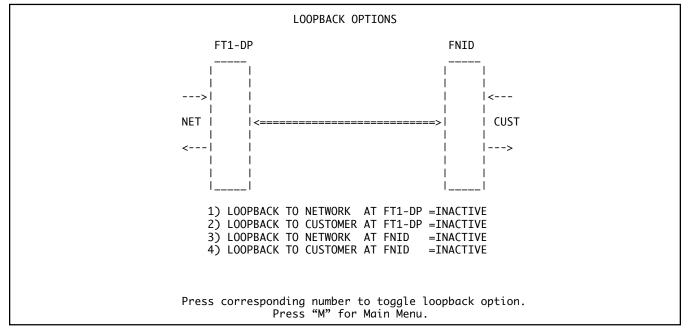


Figure 10. Loopback Options Screen

Figure 11 depicts the Self-Test Options Screen. A test of the FT1-DP and the FNID may be initiated from this screen.

Figure 12 shows the Provisioning Options screen. Settings for all provisioning options may be configured via the provisioning screen.

SELF-TEST

Press "S" to initiate FT1-DP and FNID self-tests.

Press "M" to return to the Main Menu.

Figure 11. Self-Test Options Screen

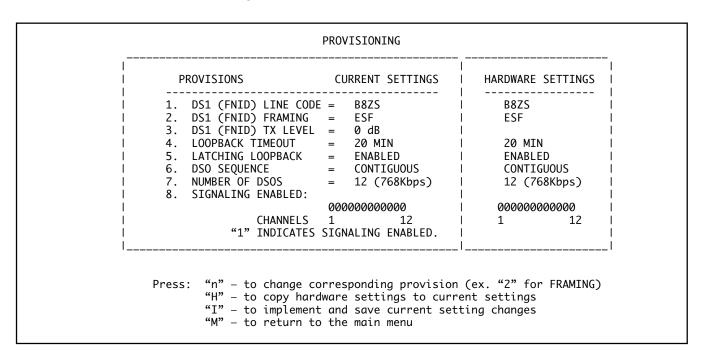


Figure 12. Provisioning Options Screen

The Troubleshooting Display, shown in **Figure 13**, graphically depicts a DSL circuit. The unit monitors red, yellow, and blue alarm conditions in the circuit. Once a fault location is suspected, the corresponding portion of the circuit on the screen is highlighted and a message describing the failure will appear.

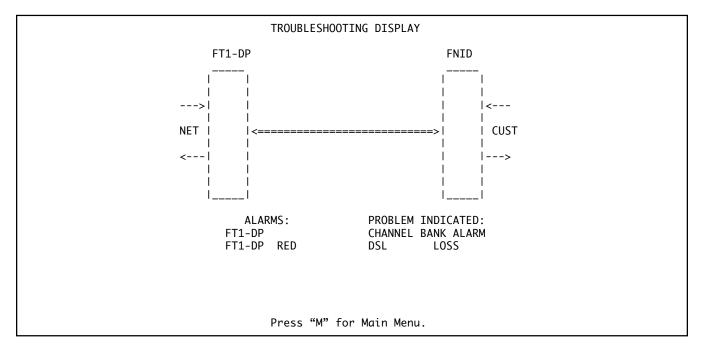


Figure 13. Troubleshooting Screen

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6. DSL DEPLOYMENT GUIDELINES

The ADTRAN FT1 DSL system is designed to provide Fractional DS1 based services over loops designed to comply with Carrier Service Area (CSA) guidelines. CSA deployment guidelines are given below.

- 1. All loops are non-loaded only.
- 2. For loops with 26-AWG cable, the maximum loop length including bridged tap lengths is 9 kft.
- 3. For loops with 24-AWG cable, the maximum loop length including bridged tap lengths is 12 kft.
- 4. Any single bridged tap is limited to 2 kft.
- 5. Total bridged tap length is limited to 2.5 kft.
- 6. The total length of multi-gauge cable containing 26-AWG cable must not exceed 12 {(3*L²⁶)/9} L^{BTAP} (in kft)

L²⁶ = Total length of 26-AWG cable excluding bridged taps (in kft)

 L^{BTAP} = Total length of all bridged taps (in kft)

This deployment criteria is summarized in the chart shown in **Figure 14**.

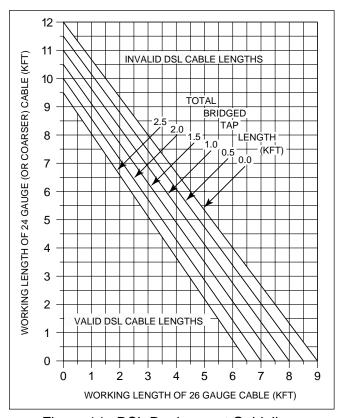


Figure 14. DSL Deployment Guidelines

Recommended maximum local loop loss information for PIC cable at 70° F, 135Ω resistive termination, is provided in **Table 6**.

Table 6. Loop Insertion Loss Data

Frequency (Hz)	Maximum Loss (dB)
3000	12.0
10,000	15.0
50,000	25.5
100,000	30.0
150,000	32.75
200,000	35.25

An approximation for the maximum amount of wideband noise on a DSL local loop as measured by a 50 kbps filter is \leq 31 dBrn.

An approximation for the maximum level of impulse noise as measured using a 50 kbps filter on a DSL loop is \leq 50 dBrn.

NOTE

These approximations are to be used as guidelines only and may vary slightly on different loops. Adhering to the guidelines should produce performance in excess of 10⁻⁷ BER.

7. MAINTENANCE

The ADTRAN FT1 DP requires no routine maintenance. In case of equipment malfunction, use the features supplied with the FT1 DP to help locate the source of the problem.

ADTRAN does not recommend that repairs be performed in the field. Repair services may be obtained by returning the defective unit to the ADTRAN Customer Service RMA Department.

8. TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES

Use **Table 7** to troubleshoot the FT1 DP.

9. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications for the FT1 DP are provided in **Table 8**.

10. WARRANTY AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

ADTRAN will replace or repair this product within 10 years from the date of shipment if it does not meet its published specifications or fails while in service (see ADTRAN *Carrier Networks Equipment Warranty, Repair, and Return Policy and Procedure,* document 60000087-10A).

Contact Customer and Product Service (CAPS) prior to returning equipment to ADTRAN.

For service, CAPS requests, or further information, contact one of the following numbers:

ADTRAN Sales

Pricing/Availability (800) 827-0807

ADTRAN Technical Support

Presales Applications/Postsales Technical Assistance (800) 726-8663

Standard hours: Monday-Friday, 7 a.m. - 7 p.m. CST Emergency hours: 7 days/week, 24 hours/day

ADTRAN Repair/CAPS

Return for Repair/Upgrade (256) 963-8722

Repair and Return Address

ADTRAN, Inc. CAPS Department 901 Explorer Boulevard Huntsville, Alabama 35806-2807

Table 7. Troubleshooting Guide

Condition	Solution	
All front panel indicators are off.	 Verify that the FT1 DP is properly seated in the housing. Make sure power supply feeding the FT1 DP is good. 	
	3. If Steps 1 and 2 pass, replace the FT1 DP.	
Power OK but does not achieve Loop Sync (DSL LED is off).	Verify that the loop conforms with CSA guidelines (not too long, etc.).	
	2. Verify that the Loop Loss at 200 kHz is not greater than 36 dB.	
	Verify that noise on the DSL Loop is within acceptable limits.	
	4. If Steps 1 through 3 pass and Loop Sync is still not available, replace the unit with an FT1 DP unit known to be in good working condition.	

Table 8. FT1 DP Product Specifications

Loop Interface	
Modulation Type	
	Full Duplex, Echo Cancelling
Number of Pairs	One
Bit Rate	784 kbps
Baud Rate	
	Defined by Carrier Service Area Guidelines
Loop Loss	36 dB maximum @ 200 kHz
	Single taps < 2 kft, total taps < 2.5 kft
Performance	Compliant with Bellcore TA-NWT-001210
Return Loss	
DSL Tx Signal Level	13.5 dBm
Input Impedance	
Return Loss	20 dB (40 kHz to 200 kHz)
DS1 Facility Interface Fully compatible with Nortel I	DF_4F shelf
	7E 1E shell
Power	
	epeater (P/N 1245211L1) and the ADTRAN FNID (P/N 1245201L1)
Total Power	48 VDC @ 125 mA with FNID
	-48 VDC @ 215 mA with FNID and FT1 Repeater
	-48 VDC @ 300 mA with Local Power FNID and two FT1 Repeaters
FT1 DP Power Dissipation	
	5.2 watts with FNID and FT1 Repeater
	6.1 watts with Local Power FNID and two FT1 Repeaters
Span Power	
	Fusing 1.00 A (not field-replaceable)
Clock Sources	
	Internal, DS1 Derived
Clock Sources	
	\pm 25 ppm, (exceeds Stratum 4). Meets T1.101 timing requirements.
	± 25 ppm, (exceeds Stratum 4). Meets T1.101 timing requirements.
Internal Clock Accuracy Tests	
Internal Clock Accuracy Tests	
Tests Diagnostics Mechanical	
Tests Diagnostics Mechanical	
Tests Diagnostics Mechanical	
Tests Diagnostics Mechanical Dimensions Environment	
Tests Diagnostics Mechanical Dimensions Environment Temperature	

Appendix A FT1 Loopbacks

GENERAL

This Appendix is an overall reference to the loopback capabilities of the ADTRAN Fractional T1 system. Included in this Appendix is a description of the FT1 loopbacks and the methods for activating the FT1 loopbacks.

FT1 LOOPBACKS

Figure A-1 shows the application from the central office (CO) to customer premises. The FT1 Repeaters are shown for convenience and are not necessary parts of the FT1 network. The loopbacks shown are as follows:

- A. FT1 DP network loopback
- B. FT1 DP CPE loopback
- C. FT1 Repeater # 1 network loopback
- D. FT1 Repeater # 2 network loopback
- E. FNID network loopback
- F. FNID CPE loopback

There are two loopbacks available to the FT1 DP. The FT1 DP network loopback loops the FT1 signal back to the network. The FT1 DP CPE loopback loops the FT1 signal back to the customer.

The FT1 DP network loopback is a digital loopback toward the CO (see **Figure A-2**). This loopback is initiated by the OCU latching loopback command (N1010101), or by the craft interface, when available. The OCU latching loopback code is detected in the primary DS0 of the FT1 circuit (the channel where the FT1 DP is physically installed) to control the FT1 circuit looping. When the FT1 circuit is looped, all DS0s in use will be looped back toward the network. The DS0s will be transmitted on to the customer.

The FT1 DP CPE loopback is a digital loopback toward customer premises as shown in **Figure A-3**. This loopback is initiated by the REM LBK button on the FNID, or by the craft interface when available. When the FT1 circuit is looped, all DS0s in use will be looped back toward the customer. All DS0s in use will be filled with all 1s and sent toward the network.

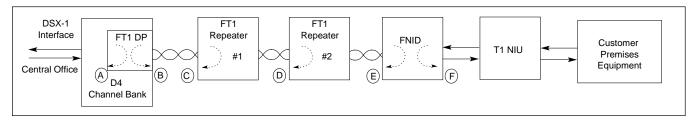


Figure A-1. FT1 Loopbacks

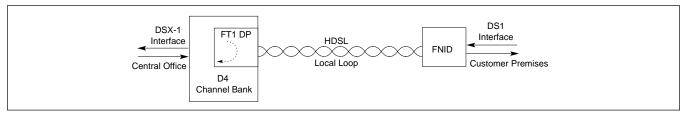


Figure A-2. FT1 DP Network Loopback

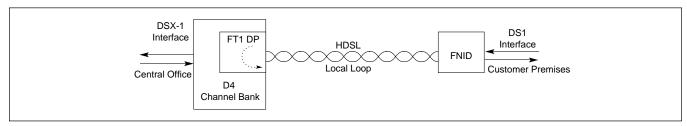


Figure A-3. FT1 DP CPE Loopback

There is one loopback available to the FT1 Repeaters. The FT1 Repeater Network loopback is a digital loopback toward the CO as shown in **Figure A-4**. The loopbacks are initiated by the DDS latching loopback codes for NEI Position 1 (N1000001) for FT1 #1 or NEI Position 2 (N100001) for FT1 Repeater # 2. The NEI latching loopback is detected in the primary DS0 of the FT1 circuit, the channel where the FT1 DP is physically installed, to control the looping of the FT1 circuit. When the FT1 circuit is looped, all DS0s in use will be looped. The DS0s in use will also be transmitted on to the customer.

There are two loopbacks available to the FNID. The FNID network loopback loops the FT1 signal back toward the network. The FNID CPE loopback loops the FT1 signal back toward the customer.

The FNID network loopback is a digital loopback toward the CO as illustrated in **Figure A-5**. This

loopback is initiated by the DDS latching loopback code for NEI Position 1 (N1000001) for a non-repeatered loop, or NEI Position 2 (N1000001) for a single repeater loop or by NEI Position 3 (N1000001) for a two repeater loop; by the craft interface when available, or by the REM LBK button at the FT1 DP. The NEI Position 1 latching loopback is detected in the primary DS0 of the FT1 circuit (the channel in which the FT1 DP is physically installed), to control the looping of the FT1 circuit. When the FT1 circuit is looped, all DS0s in use will be looped. The DS0s in use will be filled with all 1s and transmitted toward the customer.

The FNID CPE loopback is a digital loopback toward customer premises as shown in **Figure A-6**. This loopback is initiated by the craft interface, when available. When the FT1 circuit is looped, all DS0s in use will be looped. The data in the DS0s in use will be transmitted toward the network.

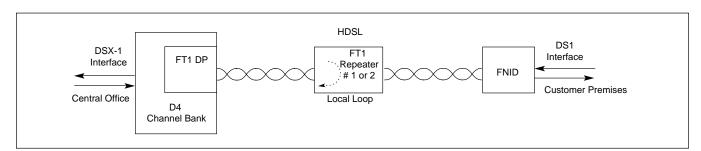


Figure A-4. FT1 Repeater # 1 or 2 Network Loopback

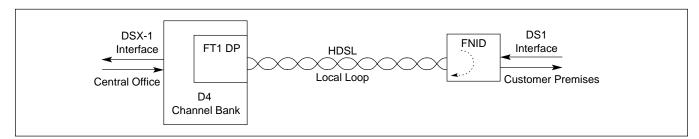


Figure A-5. FNID Network Loopback

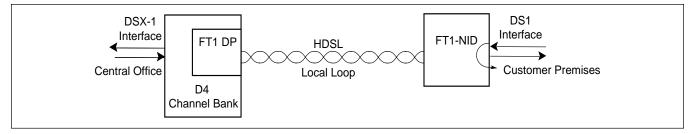


Figure A-6. FNID CPE Loopback

LOOPBACK ACTIVATION/DEACTIVATION

This section describes loopback activation and deactivation methods for the ADTRAN Fractional T1 system. Loopback activation and deactivation is controlled with the push-button located on the front panel, through craft interface, or latching loopback codes.

Both the FNID and the FT1 DP have a push-button located on the front panel labeled REM LBK or RLB which controls the activation of remote loopback. Pressing REM LBK or RLB on the FNID activates FT1 DP CPE loopback. Pressing REM LBK or RLB on the FT1 DP activates FNID network loopback or repeater loopback when a repeater is present. Remote loopback is deactivated by pressing the REM LBK or RLB or waiting for the 20-minute loopback timeout, if enabled.

The FNID and FT1 DP (when available) have a craft interface located on the front panel of the device. The craft interface allows access to the FT1 device through an RS-232-type interface. All loopbacks for the FNID and FT1 DP can be controlled from the craft interface. The craft interface on the FNID can activate and deactivate the FNID network loopback and the FNID CPE loopback. The FNID craft interface can also remotely activate and deactivate the FT1 DP network loopback, FT1 DP CPE loopback, and the repeater network loopback. The craft interface on the FT1 DP can activate and deactivate the FT1 DP network loopback and the FT1 DP CPE loopback. The FT1 DP craft interface can also remotely activate and deactivate the FNID network loopback and the FNID CPE loopback and the repeater network loopback.

FT1 DP, FT1 Repeater, and FNID network loopbacks can be activated by the DDS latching loopback sequence. The latching loopback sequence is detected in the primary DS0 of the FT1 system. When the loopback is activated on the device, the whole FT1 bandwidth is looped. The FT1 DP, FT1 Repeater, and FNID each respond to a different loopback select code allowing for sectionalization of the network during testing. **Table A-1** is a list of FT1 devices and their loopback select codes.

Latching loopbacks for the FT1 system are activated by transmitting the following latching loopback sequence in the primary DS0 of the FT1 system:

- A. Minimum of 35 transition in progress (TIP) bytes (N0111010).
- B. Minimum of 35 loopback select code (LSC) bytes as defined in Table 1.
- C. Minimum of 100 loopback enable (LBE) bytes (N1010110).
- D. Minimum of 35 all 1s bytes (S1111111), plus a minimum of 100 LBE bytes. (N-1) iterations, where N is the number of channel units of the same type (i.e., same LSC) that lie between the test center and the loopback to be operated. This step is only used when there are identical channel units in tandem.
- E. Minimum of 32 far end voice (FEV) bytes (N1011010).

A 25-second watchdog timer is activated between the 35 TIP bytes and 35 LSC bytes, between the 35 LSC bytes and 100 LBE bytes, and between the 100 LBE bytes and 32 FEV bytes. The timer requires the correct receipt of the latter sequences less than 25 seconds after receipt of the prior sequence. This prevents inadvertent setting of the latching loopbacks.

Latching loopbacks for the FT1 system are deactivated by transmitting the following latching loopback sequence in the primary DS0 of the FT1 system:

Minimum of 35 TIP bytes (N0111010).

LOOPUP STATE

In the loopup state, the active FT1 loopback will provide a continuous loop for the FT1 bandwidth. The data flow is continuously monitored for the loop deactivation commands to deactivate the loopbacks. Also, a 20-minute loopback timeout is checked. If the loopback timeout is enabled, any loopback that is in the loopup state for 20 minutes will be deactivated.

Table A-1. FT1 Loopback Select Codes

FT1 Device	Loopback Select Code Name	Loopback Select Code Byte
FT1 DP	OCU loopback	N1010101
FT1 Repeater #1	NEI Position 1 loopba	ack N1000001
FT1 Repeater #2	NEI Position 2 loopba	ack N1000001
FNID without repeate	er NEI Position 1 loopba	ack N1000001
FNID with one repeat	ter NEI Position 2 loopba	ack N1000001
FNID with two repea	ters NEI Position 3 loopba	ack N1000001